



Progress on Activity 1.4 Approaches for N threat-benefit valuation

July 2020

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Progress on Activity 1.4



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Use of Economic Valuation

- Awareness raising signal function
- Environmental liability polluter pays
- Decision support money speaks louder than words
- Internalize externalities & change behavior
- Sustainable financing

Prof Roy Brouwer, Univ Waterloo 2018



New study says nitrogen pollution costs every person in Europe £650 a year in damage to water, climate, health and wildlife





June 1, 2020

Nitrogen Washing Off Midwest Farms Cause Billions in Annual Damage to Gulf of Mexico Fisheries and Marine Habitat, New Study Finds

Dead Zone Compounds Crushing Pandemic Impact on Gulf Fishing Economy

Assess relative importance ("societal weight") of incompatible issues



Essence of Activity 1.4

- Develop global valuation functions for major Nimpacts
 - Relevance across contrasting economies
- Provide scientific support; status report
- Apply for base year (2010) and scenarios (2050)
 - Using A2.1 model output







- 1. N fertilizer use and crop production and regional food security-sufficiency (benefit),
- 2. NH₃ and NO_x emission to air and human health loss,
- 3. N runoff and marine eutrophication/HABs,
- 4. N deposition and terrestrial biodiversity loss,
- 5. N deposition and C-sequestration (climate benefit) / wood production (economic benefit).
- Optionally simple approaches for other impacts



Approach

- Derive or update state of the art global Value Functions for the Big Five
 - Functions use N flows and N-impacts from INMS A2.1 global models
 - Concept of N-share; contribution N to total impact
 - We left lumped Unit Damage Cost approach (ENA)
 - Requires more research time than anticipated

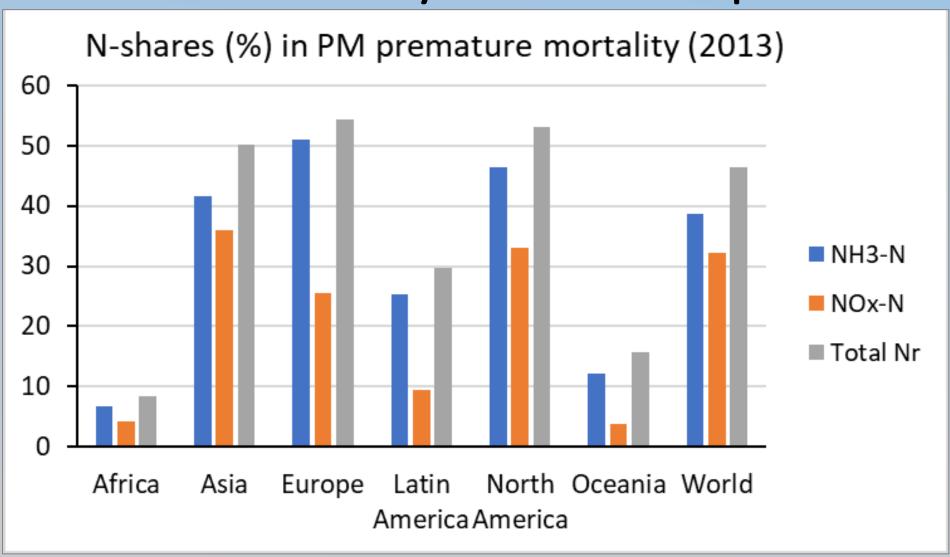


N-shares in mortality by ambient air pollution

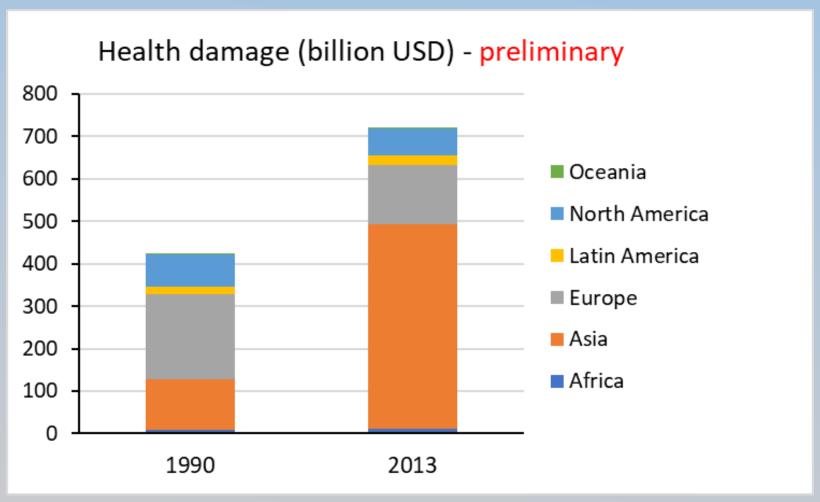
- TM5-FASST, EMEP4-earth, GEOchem
- N-shares in PM, ozone and mortality from model perturbation
- World Bank (2016) method for valuation of mortality
 - GDP elasticity for VOLY



N-shares mortality ambient air pollution



Mortality cost ambient air pollution: increase 70% since 1990, two third in Asia



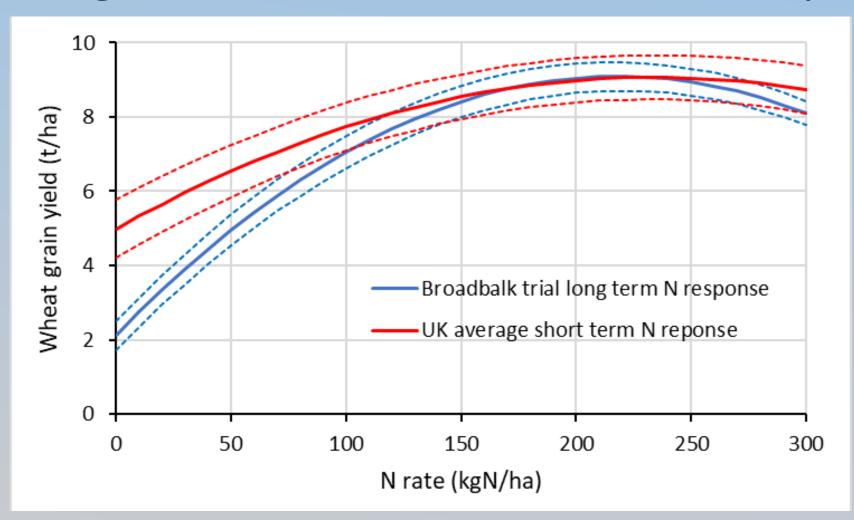


Valuation benefit of N fertilization for crops

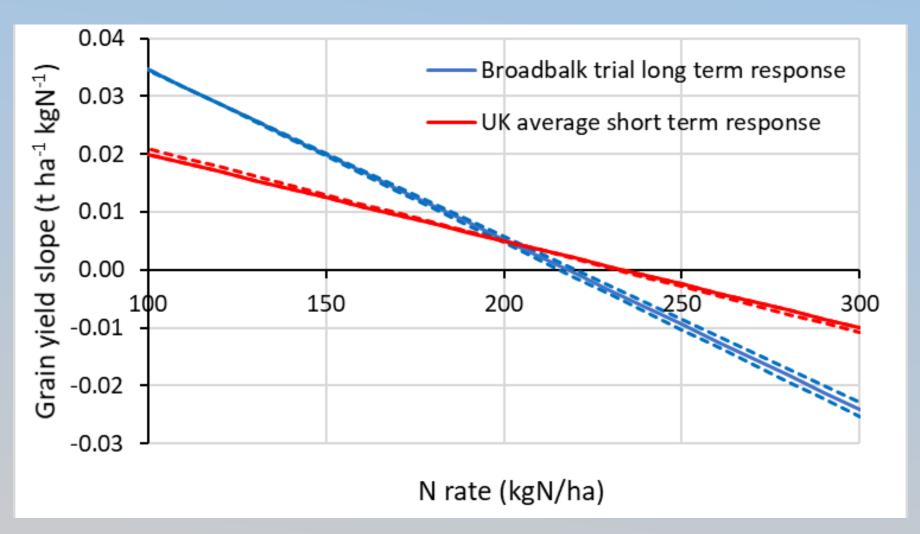
- Cereals: wheat, maize, rice and barley
 - 50% global crop land and N fertilizer use
- Developed new globally applicable long-term N response relationships
- Marginal benefit of N fertilizer based on
 - Current prices of cereals and fertilizer (FAOstat)
 - Current N fertilizer rates (IFA, Fertilizers Europe)
 - Non fertilizer inputs (IMAGE-GNM, GRAFS)



Long-term versus short-term N response

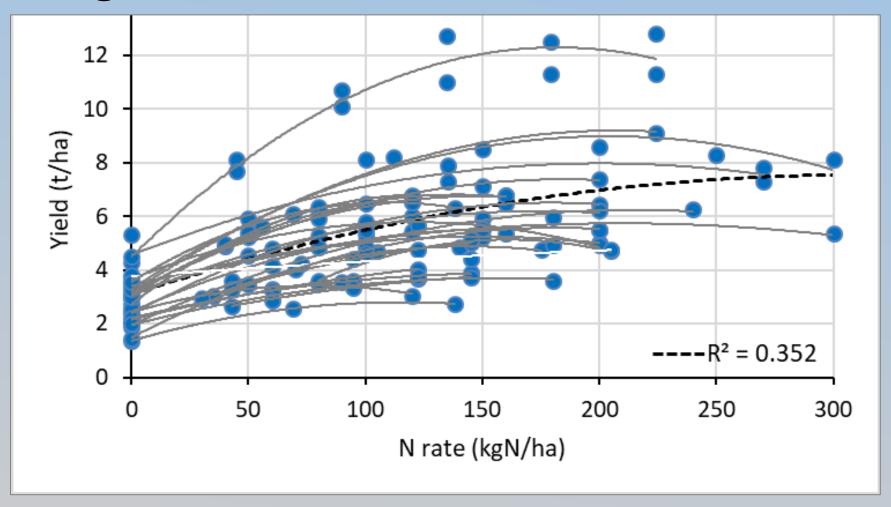






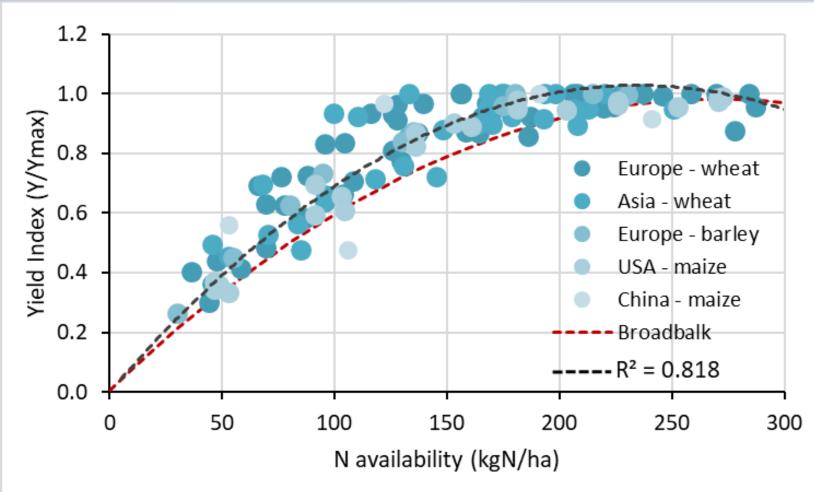


Long-term generic nitrogen response for global cereals



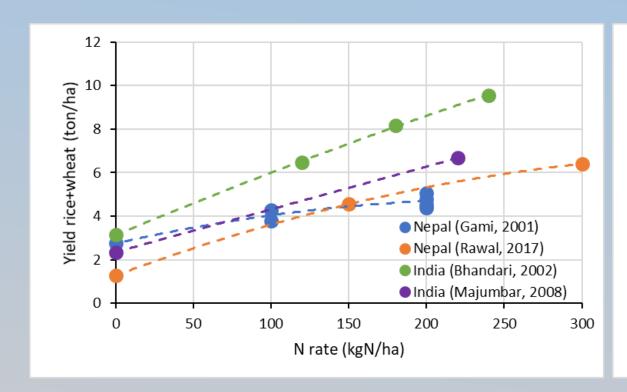


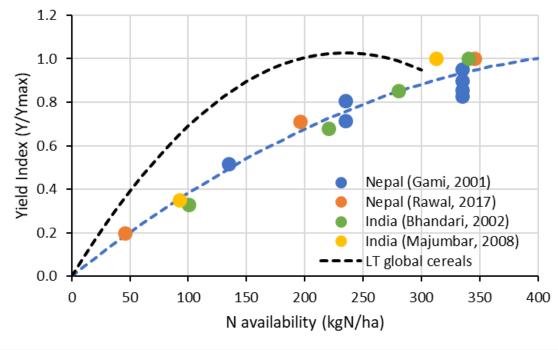
Scaling works! Back scaling requires local Ymax and non-fertilizer N





Long-term generic N response for lowland rice- wheat systems









- We left Constanza approach
 - Controversial upscaling of unit values across the world; no focus on N
- Coastal and marine
 - Baltic case: 30 years of data and valuation experiments
 - Use A 2.1 IMAGE-GNM N river loads
 - Meta-analysis/Multiple regression valuation of ecosystem services
 - Challenge is global extrapolation
- Terrestrial
 - Meta-analysis/Multiple regression valuation of biodiversity
 - Use A2.1 GLOBIO Mean Species Abundance loss by N deposition

Valuation marine ES **Baltic Sea**

- cost and benefit of mitigation
- 47 valuation studies 271 observations
- Wide range of N loads and GDP
- N-loads from IMAGE-GNM

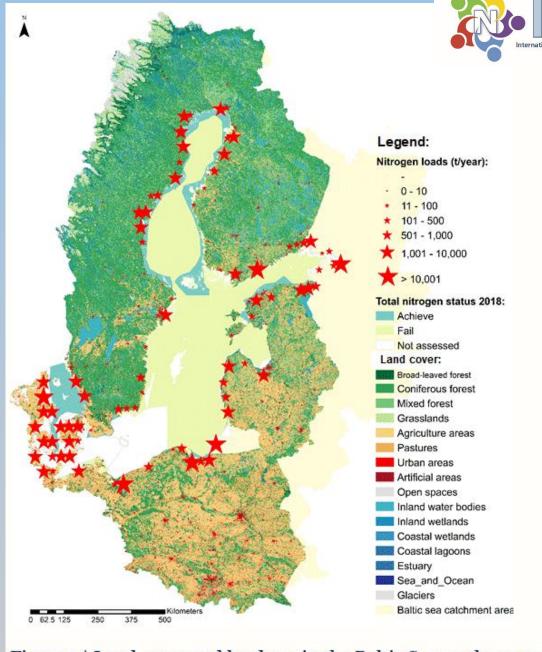


Figure 14 | Land cover and land use in the Baltic Sea catchment area



Benefit value functions Baltic Sea

Benefits are measured through public willingness to pay in US\$/person/year for the ES involved:

As expected:

- **Higher benefits** are observed when:
 - N-load reductions are higher
 - The share of beaches in the area is higher
 - Tourist demand is higher
 - Income levels are higher



Test and extend applicability Baltic Sea value models for other marine systems



Gulf of Mexico

Chesapeake bay



Plans for next 4 months

- Ambition: draft results + reports ready October
- Peer review of methodology and results



Plans for next 4 months

- Air pollution: (lead: Univ. Zhejiang)
 - Finalize Global Assessment of N shares and mortalities Manuscript 50%; to be submitted
- Crop N benefits: (lead PBL)
 - Manuscript Scaled N response relationships under review:
 - Development of global tool to assess marginal N benefits and optimal N rates (Polytechnic Univ. Madrid)



Plans for next 4 months

- Marine ES (lead Univ. of Waterloo):
 - Finalize valuation Baltic case and submit manuscript in July to ERL
 - Explore and extend applicability for other marine systems (temperate and sub-tropical; use N loads IMAGE)
- Terrestrial biodiversity and ES (lead CEH, Bangor)
 - Literature review and meta-analysis just started
- Valuation of wood production and C-sequestration
 - to be planned cooperation PBL and Wim de Vries